

Ellen Lou, AIA, AICP, LEED® AP

Urban Design & Planning Director/ 总监, 城市设计和规划



Ellen Lou是美国建筑学会的杰出会员, 也是 Skidmore, Owings & Merrill LLP的总监。她是一位注册建筑师和持证城市设计与规划师, 目前担任SOM旧金山公司的城市设计与规划总监。Ellen的经验涵盖美国和环太平洋国家的许多世界著名的城市设计和规划工作。她的专业领域包括: 城市、受污染用地重建、新市镇/新社区的总体规划、历史建筑的振兴、及校园总体规划。

Ellen Lou, FAIA is a Director at the Skidmore, Owings & Merrill LLP. She is a licensed architect and certified city planner and currently serves as the Director of Urban Design and Planning in SOM's San Francisco office. Ellen has directed many world-renowned urban design and planning efforts in the United States and several Pacific Rim countries. Her areas of specialization include urban, brown-field reuse, new towns/new communities master plans, historic revitalization, and campus master plans.

加入SOM时间: 1984年

Joined SOM: 1984

学历

麻省理工学院城市规划硕士和建筑研究科学硕士
新加坡国立大学建筑(荣誉)学士

专业注册

注册建筑师: 加州
美国注册规划师学会(AICP)
注册建筑师: 新加坡
能源环境设计先驱认证的建筑设计
设计与施工专业人士

专业协会

美国规划协会
美国建筑学会杰出会员
城市土地协会
旧金山规划与城市设计研究协会
(SPUR) 董事会成员
学院与大学规划协会

Education

Master of City Planning &
Master of Science,
Architecture Studies,
Massachusetts Institute of
Technology
Bachelor of Architecture
(Honors), National University
of Singapore

Professional Registrations

Licensed Architect: California
American Institute of Certified
Planners (AICP)
Registered Architect: Republic
of Singapore
LEED® Accredited Professional
BD+C

Professional Affiliations

American Planning
Association
Fellow, American Institute of
Architects
Urban Land Institute
San Francisco Planning and
Urban Design
Research Association (SPUR),
Board Member

设计经验

Guangzhou Baietan Area Urban Design Plan; 中国广州白鹅潭地区城市设计规划 本项目为此3,500公顷(8,600英亩)毗邻广州旧城的白鹅潭地区改造规划与未来发展绘制宏图。该规划整合了土地利用、交通运输、生态和环境可持续发展的原则, 在公交节点周边创造出紧凑的多功能综合利用组团。规划设想白鹅潭地区将善用其绵长的临江面、振兴工业遗产、修复生态系统、解决洪患/海平面上升的问题, 并发展成为中国最可持续发展和最宜居的地区。该规划还包括一个400公顷(988英亩)启动区的详细城市设计规划。

Electronic Arts Corporate Headquarters, 电子艺术创作公司总部, 美国加州, 红木市。一个占地45英亩的电脑娱乐设计公司的企业总部。EA(电子艺术)的办公楼群环绕着一个“宽阔草坪”。

Greater Beijing Finance Street Area Vision Plan, 中国北京 北京金融街区远景规划。为金融街廊道120公顷的周边地区进行概念性规划并提出了远景规划, 将其发展成为西城区的北京第二中心商务区。一系列的园林景观大道和开放空间将与现有的和新的发展整合成一个连贯的地区。

Shenzhen City Center Master Plan, 中国广东省深圳市中心总体规划 为此项目规划了45万平方米的中央公园和范围广大的地下商场、影院、车库、和博物馆的综合建筑。整个综合项目将完全结合于深圳市区交通系统内。

Construction Control Plan for the TEDA Residential Area, 中国天津经济技术开发区泰达工程控制性规划 为天津经济技术开发区(泰达)内110公顷的新住宅区进行工程控制性规划。为约计15,000居民发展出住宅、商业和邻区整合支援系统的新社区。

Select Projects

Guangzhou Baietan Area Urban Design Plan; Guangzhou, China. A blueprint to guide the redevelopment of a 3,500 hectare (8,600 acres) area adjacent to Guangzhou's historic city. This plan integrates land use, transportation, ecology and environmental sustainability principles to create compact mixed use clusters focused around transit nodes. It is envisioned that Baietan Area could capitalize on its long river frontage, revitalize its industrial heritage, resuscitates the eco system, address flooding/sea level rise, and become the most sustainable and livable area in China. The plan also includes a detailed urban design plan for a 400 hectares (988 acres) early development area.

Electronic Arts Corporate Headquarters; Redwood City, California. A corporate campus that is the headquarters for computer entertainment company. The site consists of 45-acres with the buildings arranged around a "Great Lawn."

Greater Beijing Finance Street Area Vision Plan, Beijing, China. A conceptual plan to set forth the vision for the 120-hectare area surrounding the Finance Street corridor to develop into Beijing's second Central Business District, located in the Xicheng District. A proposed series of landscape streets and open spaces will stitch together existing and new development into one coherent district.

Shenzhen City Center Master Plan; Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. Design of 450,000-sq central park with expansive subterranean complex that includes retail, cinema, parking, and museum. The open space of the park will maintain a desired level of livability for the city. Entire complex will be fully integrated with city's transportation network.

Construction Control Plan for the TEDA Residential Area; Tianjin, China. A construction control plan for a new 110-hectare residential district within the Tianjin Economic and Technological Development Area (TEDA). The plan developed residential, commercial and neighborhood support uses for a new community of approximately 15,000 residents.

设计经验

Knowledge and Innovation Community(KIC), 中国上海, 知识与创新社区中心综合项目 知识与创新中心位于上海快速发展的杨浦区, 是技术研究和发明的联络网。本综合项目通过各种材料的拼贴提供连续地块的过去的纽带, 又以轻盈的玻璃建筑迎接未来。

Saigon South University City, 越南胡志明市 西贡南大学城。为一个位于南西贡, 590公顷多功能混合的发展进行概念性总体规划。该规划包括了四所大学校园、多功能混合的住宅区、海滨公园, 和充满活力的商业中心。设计并提供分期实施的规划。

Venetian Macau Master Plan, 中国澳门威尼斯人项目总体规划 为面积228公顷的区域进行总体规划, 其中设有新的旅游胜地度假村以及5万间酒店客房。所采取的开发策略包括分期开发来保证平衡、渐进的增长。

中国深圳 岗厦河园片区规划。位于深圳市中心, 总面积达39公顷的深圳岗厦河园片区国际城市设计。该规划协助岗厦河园片区协同城市共同发展, 建立一个尊重原有历史背景的规划以及灵感源自于传统发展模式的设计框架。岗厦河园片区将被改造成为深圳最有名的购物区和高档住宅区。

Gangxia Shenzhen Gangxia Development, 中国深圳 岗厦河园片区规划。位于深圳市中心, 总面积达39公顷的深圳岗厦河园片区国际城市设计。该规划协助岗厦河园片区协同城市共同发展, 建立一个尊重原有历史背景的规划以及灵感源自于传统发展模式的设计框架。岗厦河园片区将被改造成为深圳最有名的购物区和高档住宅区。

Foshan Lingnan Tiandi Master Plan, 中国佛山 佛山岭南天地总体规划。为80公顷的新多功能混合用途的社区进行总体规划; 社区的组成包括了150万总平方米的办公、住宅、文化和商业-娱乐功能。该规划融合了适应性再利用的22项历史资源, 同时容许新的未来发展。

Central Waterfront Master Plan, 加州旧金山 中心滨水区总体规划。此规划将被纳入旧金山整城市和县总体规划, 平衡其维持轻工业和历史住房的特殊混合, 以及其增加住宅发展量的需要。经济策略、城市设计导则、及实行为此规划的工作重点。

Shanghai Luwan Taipingqiao Area Specific Plan 中国上海卢湾太平桥区详细规划 由SOM 规划面积为52公顷, 位于上海市中心的再开发和重建项目。规划中160万平方米的开发项目包括了上海新天地的历史区域保护, 可作观光和文化用途。其它用途包括高密度住宅、外籍人士住宅、社区服务、商业、娱乐休闲中心、企业总部、和办公等。

Hongtang Bay Resort Master Plan, 中国海南岛 红塘湾度假中心总体规划。红塘湾的规划旨在打造海南岛第一家可持续发展的度假中心。此规划将保护用地上的主要特征, 如海滨沙丘, 海岸线, 河道走廊和山区, 同时提供有助于振兴三亚经济的150万平方米的新发展。该度假中心将有一新的泻湖系统、滨海度假中心, 一个充满活力的市中心, 以及一栋代表新码头的地标塔楼。

Select Projects continued

Knowledge and Innovation Community(KIC); Shanghai, China. The Knowledge and Innovation Community is a nexus for technological research and invention in Shanghai's rapidly developing Yang Pu district. The complex's public plazas reveal a rough collage of materials that provide a tactile link to the site's past, while its lightweight glass buildings provide a connection to its future.

Saigon South University City, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam. Conceptual Master Plan for a 590 hectare mixed-use development in Saigon South. The plan provides for the phased implementation of four university campuses, mixed use residential districts, waterfront parks, and vibrant retail centers.

Venetian Macau Master Plan; Macau, China. Master plan for a 228-hectare area earmarked for a new destination resort and more than 50,000 hotel rooms. Development strategy includes phased development that will assure balanced, progressive growth.

Gangxia Shenzhen Gangxia Development; Shenzhen, China. International urban design for the Gangxia Heyuan Area; a 39 hectare area located downtown Shenzhen. The plan positions Gangxia Heyuan to work in synergy with the city by establishing a context-sensitive planning and design framework that is inspired by traditional development patterns. Gangxia Heyuan will be transformed into Shenzhen's most famous shopping destination and a premier residential neighborhood.

Foshan Lingnan Tiandi Master Plan; Foshan, China. Master plan for 80-hectare new mixed-use community comprised of 1.5 million gross square meters of office, residential, cultural, and retail-entertainment uses. The plan incorporates the adaptive re-use twenty-two historic resources while sensitively allowing for new future development.

Central Waterfront Master Plan; San Francisco, California. To be adopted and incorporated into the overall City and County of San Francisco Master Plan, this plan balances the preservation of a unique mix of light industry and historic housing with the need for increased residential development. Economic strategies, urban design guidelines, and a focus on implementation characterize this effort.

Shanghai Luwan Taipingqiao Area Specific Plan, Shanghai, China. Plan by SOM will guide the redevelopment and revitalization of a 52-hectare area in the center of Shanghai. The 1.6-million-square-meter development will consist of an historic preservation district for tourist and cultural uses. Other uses will include high-density local relocation housing, expatriate housing, community services, retail entertainment centers, corporate headquarters, and office buildings.

Hongtang Bay Resort Master Plan; Hainan Island, China. Hongtang Bay is planned to be Hainan Island's first sustainable resort. It will conserve key site features such as beachfront dunes, coastline, river corridors and mountains while providing approximately 1.5 million square meters of new development that will contribute to the economic vitality of Sanya. The Resort will feature a new lagoon system, beachfront resorts, a vibrant town center, and a landmark tower marking a new marina.